

#### SANSKAR SCHOOL

# Grade -2 <u>Assignment-44</u> (Date-14<sup>th</sup> September 2020) (Monday)



#### **ENGLISH**

\*Watch the video to understand the concept of was / were

# https://youtu.be/AVzPO1XPCgo

	Using was	
He was	late for the class	
She was	in the library	
Tina was	plying on the be	
	beach	
Jim was	playing with his	
	Toy soilder	

Usi	ng were
We were	at the market
You were	swimming
They were	late for the
	show.
Tim and	in the hall
Tom were	

#### Fill in the blanks with the correct helping verb was/were

- 1. We \_\_\_\_\_ at school last Sunday.
- 2. They \_\_\_\_\_ working on their project.
- 3. I\_\_\_\_\_\_ so happy yesterday.
- 4. Where \_\_\_\_\_ he playing?
- 5. You \_\_\_\_\_ very busy on Monday.
- 6. Reena and Meena \_\_\_\_\_climbing on the tree.
- 7. Sonu \_\_\_\_\_ late for school.
- 8. My teacher \_\_\_\_\_ explaining addition sums.

## Cross the incorrect (were) option in the following sentences

- 1. The boys was / were enjoying the party.
- 2. I was / were jumping on the bed.
- 3. She was / were alone in the house.
- 4. We was / were in our dance class.
- 5. Hitesh was / were running fast.
- 6. I was / were working.
- 7. A lot of students was / were singing together.
- 8. That girl was / were coming towards me.

- 9. That black pencil was / were in the box.
- 10. Those puppies was / were playing.

## **MATHS**

#### **Division**

Watch the video to understand the concept of Division as Reverse Process of Multiplication

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PQiwWvtxO-0

Do page 104 in book

**Note:** Revise tables 2 to 15

**HINDI** 

पाठ-12

बड़े काम का थैला

अभ्यास-कार्य-२

_		<u> </u>		2
۲.	प्रश्ना	क	उत्तर	ालख-

<b>(</b> क) <sup>7</sup>	दादाजी के साथ बच्चे कहाँ जा रहे थे?
(ख)	अपना थैला साथ में लेकर जाना क्यों ज़रूरी है?
(ग)	पॉलिथीन कैसे हानिकारक होता है?

• पुस्तक गुंजन में पृष्ठ ८६ का अभ्यास-कार्य करे

**UOI** 

<sup>\*</sup> Do page 57 – 58 in grammar book

#### Task -1

## Going further – Impact of human actions on our natural resources

#### **Land Pollution**

Land pollution is anything that damages or contaminates the land. There are many causes of land pollution- from the trash we throw away in our homes, to waste found at the dump which, can contaminate groundwater as well as pollute nearby lakes.

Look at the pictures below and write the names of things that cause land pollution.



Task -2
Read the passage and reflect your understanding on the same:-

### **Managing Garbage**

Garbage is great environment hazard. It comes from various sourcesused paper, tiffin packing, plastic bags, ice-cream wrappers, bottle caps, fallen leaves from the trees and many more. Garbage makes the premises ugly, unkempt and breeds diseases.



A lot of trash that is thrown away contains material that can be recycled and reused such as paper, metals and glass which can be sent to the nearest recycling centre or disposed of to the junk dealer. It also contains organic matter such as leaves which can enrich soil fertility.

A compost pit can be made at a convenient location where kitchen leftover can be placed with layers of soil. This would help decomposition to make valuable fertilizer. This would also prevent pollution that is usually caused by burning such organic waste.

**Answer the following questions –** 

- Q1- From where does garbage come?
- Q2- What problems do garbage create for the mankind?
- Q3- What happens to the disposed of material at the recycling centre?
- Q4- What did you learn from this passage?

Watch this wonderful video to get more knowledge about our environment and plastic pollution.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ODni\_Bey154

Learners will be reading page no. 10.



Read the passage. Find a word in the word-bank that could replace each number. Write the word on the matching line below. Use each word only once.

Recycle used resources materials saved energy new throw pollution longer less conserve



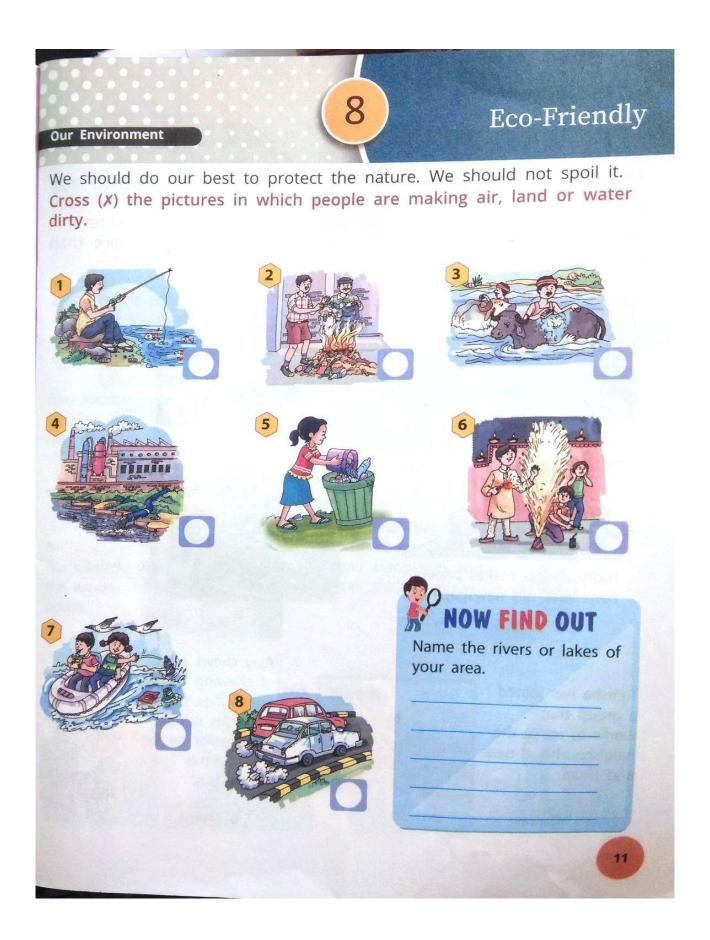
People use a lot of Earth's(1). Sometimes people (2) resources away. But many things people throw away can be conserved or (3). Conserving makes a resource last a lot (4).

One way people can help (5) resources is to recycle. When people (6) resources can be processed and used again. For example (7) aluminium cans can be processed into (8) cans.

Recycling also helps save (9) and reduce (10). Reusing resources saves the energy needed to find and produce new materials. Making new (11) can pollute the air and water. Sometimes making materials from recycled items causes (12) pollution.

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11
12

Do page no. 11 as home assignment in the book.



# WRITING PRACTICE

हिंदी सुलेख पुस्तिका में पृष्ठ:4 करो <u>MUSIC</u>

Watch the video and practice

https://youtu.be/Li8ggRQv\_Ec